

Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006

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LOCTITE EO7021

SDS No. : 173402 V007.0 Revision: 23.03.2016 printing date: 15.03.2021 Replaces version from: 07.11.2013

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE EO7021

Contains:

Bisphenol-F epichlorhydrin resin; MW<700 Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: 1-c- epoxide adhesive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd Wood Lane End HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone:	+44 1442 278000
Fax-no.:	+44 1442 278071

ua-productsafety.uk@uk.henkel.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):	
Skin irritation	Category 2
H315 Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
Skin sensitizer	Category 1
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 2
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:	
Signal word:	Warning
Hazard statement:	H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement: Prevention	P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves.
Precautionary statement: Response	P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General chemical description: Epoxy resin Base substances of preparation: polymers organic amine

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
Bisphenol-F epichlorhydrin resin; MW<700 9003-36-5	500-006-8 500-006-8 01-2119454392-40	80- 100 %	Skin Irrit. 2; Dermal H315 Skin Sens. 1; Dermal H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9	205-999-9 01-2119980944-22	1- 3 %	Acute Tox. 4; Oral H302 Skin Irrit. 2; Dermal H315 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Flam. Sol. 1 H228
Reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700) 25068-38-6	500-033-5 500-033-5 01-2119456619-26	0,1- 1 %	Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact: Rinse with running water and soap. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes), seek medical attention from a specialist.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed SKIN: Redness, inflammation.

SKIN: Rash, Urticaria.

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide. Fine water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: High pressure waterjet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Danger of decomposition if exposed to heat.

The product may undergo spontaneous polymerization at high temperatures. Polymerization is exothermic and may cause damage to the container and/or release of thermal decomposition products.

May produce fumes when heated to decomposition. Fumes may contain carbon monoxide and other toxic fumes.

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) can be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

Additional information:

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove mechanically. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Extract when the product is heated. See advice in section 8 Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not spray against flames or glowing bodies. Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking.

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in sealed original container. Protect against contamination. Store in a cool, dry place. Ensure that storage and workrooms are adequately ventilated. Must be stored in a room with spill collection facilities. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

1-c- epoxide adhesive

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for

Great Britain

None

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for Ireland

None

Biological Exposure Indices: None

8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls: Ensure good ventilation/extraction. Respiratory protection: Ensure adequate ventilation. An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area Filter type: A (EN 14387)

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374). Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness) Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness) This information is been an information and an information manifold here along a period.

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing. Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Flammability

Explosive limits

Auto-ignition temperature

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

No data available / Not applicable

No data available / Not applicable

No data available / Not applicable

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical p	roperties
Appearance	liquid
	pasty
	black
Odor	characteristic, little
	intrinsic odour
Odour threshold	No data available / Not applicable
рН	No data available / Not applicable
Initial boiling point	Polymerization may occur at elevated temperature.
Flash point	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	> 55 °C (> 131 °F)
Vapour pressure	No data available / Not applicable
Density	1,19 g/cm3
(20 °C (68 °F))	-,, 8
Bulk density	No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity	No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity (kinematic)	No data available / Not applicable
Explosive properties	No data available / Not applicable
Solubility (qualitative)	Not miscible or difficult to mix
(20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)	
Solubility (qualitative)	Partially miscible
(20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: ketones)	-
Solidification temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Melting point	No data available / Not applicable

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Evaporation rate Vapor density Oxidising properties No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable

9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with alcohols and amines. Reacts with oxidants, acids and lyes Polymerization may occur at elevated temperature or in the presence of incompatible materials.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Danger of decomposition if exposed to heat. Do not heat mixed adhesive unless you plan to use immediately. Failure to observe these precautions may result in excessive heat build-up causing an exotherm. The exotherm has the potential for release of toxic gasses. No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrocarbons Irritating vapors. Rapid polymerisation may generate excessive heat and pressure. May produce fumes when heated to decomposition. Fumes may contain carbon monoxide and other toxic fumes. See section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General toxicological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

Skin irritation:

Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitizing:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Hazardous components	Value	Value	Route of	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		application	time		
Bisphenol-F	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	oral		rat	
epichlorhydrin resin;						
MW<700						
9003-36-5						
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane	LD50	700 mg/kg	oral		rat	
280-57-9						
Reaction product:	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	oral		rat	Not specified
bisphenol-A-						_
(epichlorhydrin); epoxy						
resin (number average						
molecular weight ≤ 700)						
25068-38-6						

Acute dermal toxicity:

Hazardous components	Value	Value	Route of	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		application	time		
Bisphenol-F	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	Not specified
epichlorhydrin resin;						-
MW<700						
9003-36-5						
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	
280-57-9						
Reaction product:	LD50	23.000 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	
bisphenol-A-						
(epichlorhydrin); epoxy						
resin (number average						
molecular weight $\langle = 700 \rangle$						
25068-38-6						

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9	irritating	24 h	rabbit	Draize Test
Reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700) 25068-38-6	slightly irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9	Category 1 (irreversible effects on the eye)		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700) 25068-38-6	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisat ion test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700) 25068-38-6	sensitising	Mouse local lymphnod e assay (LLNA)	mouse	OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay)

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9	negative	oral: gavage		mouse	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700) 25068-38-6	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)			OECD Guideline 472 (Genetic Toxicology: Escherichia coli, Reverse Mutation Assay)

Reproductive toxicity:

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Classification	Species	Exposure time	Species	Method
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9	NOAEL P = 100 mg/kg NOAEL F1 = 300 mg/kg	screening oral: gavage	29 d	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

Repeated dose toxicity

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9	NOAEL=100 mg/kg	oral: gavage	40 ddaily	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity:

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

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Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity	Exposure time	Species	Method
	~ 1		Study			
Bisphenol-F epichlorhydrin	EC50	1,6 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline
resin; MW<700						202 (Daphnia sp.
9003-36-5						Acute
						Immobilisation
			1			Test)
Bisphenol-F epichlorhydrin	EC50	1,8 mg/l	Algae	72 h		OECD Guideline
resin; MW<700						201 (Alga, Growth
9003-36-5	NOTO				5.1.1	Inhibition Test)
Bisphenol-F epichlorhydrin	NOEC	0,3 mg/l	chronic	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211
resin; MW<700			Daphnia			(Daphnia magna,
9003-36-5	1.050	100 /1	F ' 1	0.61		Reproduction Test)
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane	LC50	> 100 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Carassius sp.	OECD Guideline
280-57-9						203 (Fish, Acute
1 4 Disashisasha satara	EC50	× 02 ···· = /1	Daularia	48 h	Danhais maana	Toxicity Test) OECD Guideline
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9	EC50	> 92 mg/l	Daphnia	48 n	Daphnia magna	202 (Daphnia sp.
280-57-9						202 (Daphnia sp. Acute
						Immobilisation
						Test)
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane	NOEC	46 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD Guideline
280-57-9	NOLC	40 mg/1	Algae	72 11	(new name: Pseudokirchnerella	
200-57-7					subcapitata)	Inhibition Test)
	EC50	110 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD Guideline
	LC30	110 112/1	<i>i</i> ligue	7211	(new name: Pseudokirchnerella	
					subcapitata)	Inhibition Test)
Reaction product: bisphenol-	LC50	1,75 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss (reported	
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy		,			as Salmo gairdneri)	203 (Fish, Acute
resin (number average					ga a ,	Toxicity Test)
molecular weight $\langle = 700 \rangle$, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
25068-38-6						
Reaction product: bisphenol-	EC50	9,4 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Scenedesmus capricornutum	OECD Guideline
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy		, 0	U		1	201 (Alga, Growth
resin (number average						Inhibition Test)
molecular weight $\langle = 700 \rangle$						
25068-38-6						
	NOEC	2,4 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Scenedesmus capricornutum	OECD Guideline
						201 (Alga, Growth
						Inhibition Test)
Reaction product: bisphenol-	NOEC	0,3 mg/l	chronic	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy			Daphnia			(Daphnia magna,
resin (number average						Reproduction Test)
molecular weight <= 700)						
25068-38-6					l	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and Biodegradability: The product is not biodegradable.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
Bisphenol-F epichlorhydrin resin; MW<700 9003-36-5		aerobic	5 %	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9		aerobic	7 %	OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test)
Reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700) 25068-38-6		aerobic	5 %	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential / 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility:

Cured adhesives are immobile.

Bioaccumulative potential:

No data available.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	LogKow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Species	Temperature	Method
1,4-Diazabicyclooctane 280-57-9	-0,49					

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous components	PBT/vPvB
CAS-No.	
Bisphenol-F epichlorhydrin resin; MW<700	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
9003-36-5	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin);	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
<= 700)	
25068-38-6	

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Collection and delivery to recycling enterprise or other registered elimination institution. Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Waste code

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1.	UN number	
	ADR	3082
	RID	3082
	ADN	3082
	IMDG	3082
	IATA	3082
14.2.	UN proper	shipping name
	ADR	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Bisphenol-F Epichlorhydrin resin)
	RID	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Bisphenol-F Epichlorhydrin resin)
	ADN	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
	IMDG	(Bisphenol-F Epichlorhydrin resin) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Bisphenol-F Epichlorhydrin resin)
	IATA	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Bisphenol-F Epichlorhydrin resin)
14.3.	Transport l	nazard class(es)
	ADR	9
	RID	9
	ADN	9
	IMDG	9
	IATA	9
14.4.	Packing gro	oup
	ADR	III
	RID	III
	ADN	III
	IMDG	III
	IATA	III
14.5.	Environme	ntal hazards
	ADR	not applicable
	RID	not applicable
	ADN	not applicable
	IMDG	Marine pollutant
	IATA	not applicable
14.6.	Special pree	cautions for user
	ADR	not applicable
	DID	Tunnelcode: (E)
	RID	not applicable
	ADN	not applicable
	IMDG IATA	not applicable not applicable
147		
14.7.	Transport i	n bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
	not applicab	le

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

(2010/75/EC)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H228 Flammable solid.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further information:

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.