

Introduction



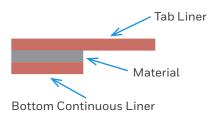
Honeywell's thermal interface approach is based on phase change materials (PCMs). Our PCM design is driven by an innovative polymer technology and advanced filler systems that can be customized to fit diverse product applications and end uses.

This publication provides detailed procedures for applying our pad format TIM products to electronic devices. Most Honeywell TIMs are also available in paste/printable format, and a separate procedures document should be followed for those products.



Pad Format Structure

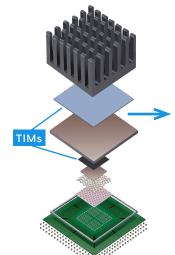
Product Lateral View



Product Top View



For complete specifications and performance of all Honeywell TIMs, visit our website and download technical data sheets.



PCM Key Attributes

- Optimal surface wetting
- Low contact resistance
- Low thermal impedance

Stable TI across accelerated aging tests: HTB, thermal cycling, HAST

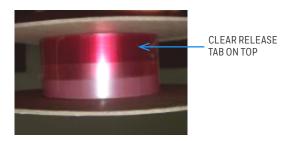
No bleed-out, pump-out or flow-out

- Easy assembly
- Broader process windows
- Higher yield with zero material waste

Storage & Handling Method

- Room Temperature
- <65% RH
- Shelf Life: 12 months
- Storage Orientation: Reel orientation must be with clear release tab on top, as shown here:
- Keep away from incompatible materials - refer to MSDS

 Do not handle, store or open the container near an open flame, source of heat or sources of ignition



Application Methods & Procedures

There are two application methods to remove the pad from the liner:

1. Manual

For protection of both devices and operators' hands, we recommend the wearing of

clean disposable

gloves during all

handling of thermal interface materials.

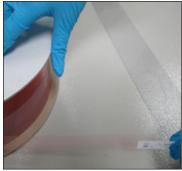
2. Semi-Automatic Dispenser

Manual Removal Method

1. Open roll, remove plastic cover 2. Roll out blank continuous liner 3. Stop when first pad comes out



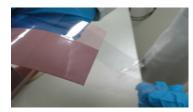
4. Start to remove the pad from liner one by one



5. Hold the tab liner with one hand and the continuous liner with the other hand



6. Pad successfully removed from liner

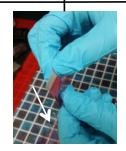


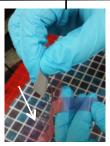














Peel continuous liner away from pad

Hold the tab liner and pull the continuous liner side. Peel quickly, taking care not to damage the pad.

Carefully remove individual pad

and apply to heat sink.

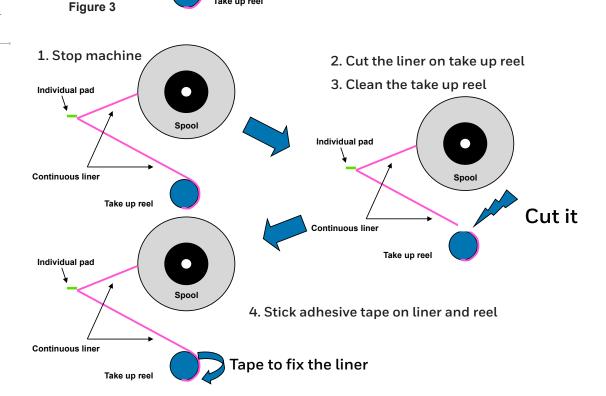
Semi-Automatic Dispenser Removal Method

Figure 1: • Semi-Automatic Dispenser yielding on average 99% release. Figure 2: Individual pad for release. Figure 2 Figure 1 Figure 3: Individual pad • Block diagram for easy release: • Spool to have resistance. Spool • Angle to be 140-170 degrees Only first use this pin • Take up reel speed steady for individual pad width.

Take up reel

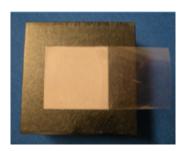
As dispenser models may vary, always consult your equipment manual in addition to these procedures.

Continuous liner

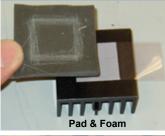


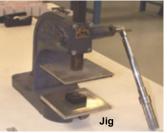
Attachment and Tab Liner Removal Method

1. Attach the pad onto application surface, place and align to correct position

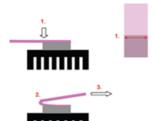


Put additional pressure on the pad material with jig or hold manually with pressure for 3-5 seconds





3. Tab liner release after attachment



Critical to tab liner release

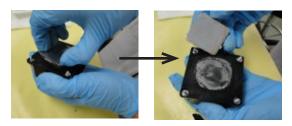
- Ensure pad is tacked down at tab interface
- 140-180° angle for tab release
- Quick pull (use same force as when removing Band-Aid® or duct tape)

Rework Method

Easy rework process for troubleshooting.

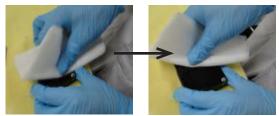
1. Detach the interface, using a gentle twisting and lifting motion.

Take care not to mechanically damage the silicon during this step. Review the device architecture to assure the silicon is not bumped.



2. Once removed, use a lint-free towel to wipe off residue on both interfaces.

To further clean the interface, acetone, IPA or toluene may be used. To protect the operator, wear disposable gloves during this step.



3. Ensure interfaces are clean and free of contaminants. Repeat the attachment process shown above.

If dirty, repeat Step 2 in removal procedure to clean the surfaces, allowing 5 minutes for solvent to dry before next step.

Basic Troubleshooting – CRF Collapse

Keeping the roll in correct position at all times is of critical importance. To prevent waste of material, be sure all operators understand this clearly.

Defect:

Raw material collapses to one side during transportation or storage.

Failure Mechanism:

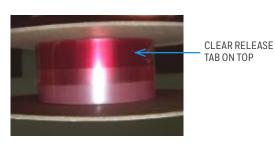
Storage orientation of roll is improper.

Solution:

Follow correct orientation instruction on roll label and application notes. Roll must be stored with clear release tab side up.







Basic Troubleshooting – Release & Attachment Problems

Defect:

Difficult to release pad from continuous liner or pad broken after attachment.



PAD NOT COMING OFF THE CONTINUOUS LINER

Perfect cut



LEFT WITH BROKEN PADS AFTER ATTACHMENT

Failure Mechanism:

- Improper handling method for release or attach
- Overly high storage temperatures may cause the pad to melt and excessively stick to liner



BEFORE STORAGE TEST



AFTER STORAGE @ 40°C/10 MIN

Solution:

- Follow HEM recommended transportation and storage temperature, release and attach procedure/tool in application note
- Use non-reversible temperature label to monitor transportation/ storage temperature



NON-REVERSIBLE TEMPERATURE LABEL

Invoice#	HEM	Golden World	Customer
THI/OICE:+	BEM	Goinen worin	Customer
91689167		34	
91697171		34	
91697169		34	
91693396		34	42
91693398		34	34
91693395		34	40
91691907		34	34
91693399		34	42

Samples of high temperature exposure of certain shipments

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recommendations to infringe any patent. The user should not assume that all toxicity data and safety measures are indicated herein or that other measures may not be required. $TIM\ Pad\ Application\ |\ Rev\ 1\ |\ O1/17$

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