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SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking



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Emergency Telephone Number III

CHEMTEL CHEMICAL

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[1a,b 1.1] PRODUCT IDENTIFIERS/ TRADE NAME(s) Aculon® NanoClear® Treatment [10-1.2] RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST Chemical Mixture Coating

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Note: The hazards shown on this SDS are for the bulk chemistry and are provided for application/processing safety information. The final coating once dry is not hazardous per 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

[24] GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4)

Eye irritation (Category 2A)

Flammable Liquids (Category 2)

Skin irritation (Category 2)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 1)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3)

2.2 Label elements Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

LABELING ELEMENTS, Hazard, and Precautionary Statements







Signal word: Danger Pictogram(s):

Hazard statement(s):

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H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H370 Causes damage to organs

Precautionary statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P305 + P353 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.

[20] HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED: none known

[2D]INGREDIENTS OF UNKNOWN ACUTE TOXICITY >/= 1%:

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

[3a,b,d]CHEMICAL NAME/SYNONYMS	[3C]CAS NUMBER	EINECS NO.	CONC.*
Ethanol	64-17-5		50 - 52 %
(Mixture of 2-(difluoromethoxymethyl)- 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-heptafluoropropane and 4-methoxy-1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4-nonafluorobutan)	N/A (KE# 97-3-723) (mixture of 163702-07-6 and 163702-08-7)	n/a	42 - 46 %
2 propanol	67-63-0		2 - 3 %
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	2 - 3 %

^{*} The specific chemical identity and/or percentage of this material has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

[4a]INHALATION	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a
	physician.
[4a]SKIN CONTACT	Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.
[4a]EYE CONTACT	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.
[4a]INGESTION	Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with
	water. Consult a physician.
[4b] MOST	The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or
IMPORTANT	in section 11
SYMPTOMS &	
EFFECTS	
[4c]INDICATION OF	Note to Physician
ANY IMMEDIATE	Symptoms will vary with alcohol level of the blood. Mild alcohol intoxication occurs at blood levels
MEDICAL	between 0.05- 0.15%. Approximately 25% of individuals show signs of intoxication at these levels.
ATTENTION AND	Above 0.15% the person is definitely under the influence of ethanol; 50-95% of individuals are
SPECIAL	clinically intoxicated at these levels. Severe poisoning occurs when the blood is ethanol level is 0.3-

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TREATMEN	T۱
NEEDED	

0.5%. Above 0.5% the individual will be comatose and death can occur. The unabsorbed ethanol should be removed by gastric lavage after intubating the patient to prevent aspiration. Avoid the use of depressant drugs and administering excessive amounts of fluids.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

[54] SUITABLE/ UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemicals, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, water fog or alcohol-resistant foam. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.
© SPECIFIC HAZARDS IE HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS	Burning may form Carbon oxides. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. May produce a floating fire hazard. Static ignition hazard can result from handling and use. Vapors may settle in low or confined spaces. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may only be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

	Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate
PRECAUTIONS,	ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours
PPE, EMERGENCY	accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
PROCEDURES	
[6a] METHODS &	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing
MATERIALS OF	and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Prevent material from entering
CONTAINMENT &	storm sewers or waterways.
CLEANING	

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

FOR SAFE HANDLING	Do not get on skin or in eyes. Do not inhale vapor or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge. Open and handle container with care. Metal containers involved in the transfer of this material should be grounded and bonded.
SAFE STORAGE	Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Consult local fire codes for additional storage information.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

[8a] COMPONENT	PEL/ TWA/ STEL	CONTROL PARAMETERS	BASIS (ACGIH, OSHA ETC)	NOTES
Ethyl alcohol	STEL	1000 ppm	ACGIH	Upper Respiratory Tract irritation, confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans
Ethyl alcohol	TWA	1000 ppm / 1,900 mg/m3	US (OSHA)	29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants.
2 Propanol	TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH	
2 Propanol	STEL	400 ppm	ACGIH	
2 Propanol	TWA	400 ppm	US (OSHA)	
Methanol	TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH	
Methanol	TWA	200 ppm	US (OSHA)	
Methanol	STEL	250 ppm	ACGIH	
(Mixture of 2-(difluoromethoxyme thyl)-1,1,1,2,3,3,3-heptaflu oropropane and 4-methoxy-1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4-nonafluorobutan)	TWA	750 ppm	ACGIH TLV	

	General room or local exhaust ventilation is usually required to meet exposure limit(s). Electrical equipment should be grounded and conform to applicable electrical code.
PROTECTION	Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).
	Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Full contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm . This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.
	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or

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	EN 166(EU).
[8c]CLOTHING	Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

[9a]Appearance (physical state, color,	Solid wipe containing	ஞ Upper/lower flammability or	Lower: 3.3%
etc.	Treatment solution	explosive limits:	UEL: 119%
[9b] Odor	alcohol-like	[9k]Vapor pressure	59.5 hPa (44.6 mmHg)
			at 20 °C (68 °F) (for
			100% ethyl alcohol)
[9c]Odor threshold	no data available	[9]Vapor density	1.6 (for 100% ethyl
		-	alcohol)
[9d] PH	no data available	[9m]Relative Density	0.785 g/mL at 25 °C
		•	(77 °F) (for 100% ethyl
			alcohol)
[9e]]Melting point/freezing point	-114°C (-173°F) (for	[9n]Solubility (in H ₂ O)	miscible
	100% ethyl alcohol)		
Initial boiling point and boiling	78°C (173°F) (for 100%	[90]Partition coefficient:	data not available
range	ethyl alcohol)	n-octanol/water	
թյFlash point	54°C (130°F) - closed	[9p]Auto-ignition temperature	363°C (685 °F) - (for
	cup		100% ethyl alcohol)
ლEvaporation rate	©Evaporation rate Specific data not		no data available
	available - expected to be	temperature	
	rapid.	-	
⊪Flammability (solid, gas)	no data available	[9r]Viscosity	no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

[10a] REACTIVITY	no data available
[10b] CHEMICAL	Stable under recommended storage conditions
STABILITY	
[10c] POSSIBILITIES OF	none known
HAZARDOUS	
REACTIONS	
[10d] CONDITIONS TO	Ignition sources, excess heat, incompatible materials
AVOID	
[10e] INCOMPATIBLE	Alkali metals, Ammonia, Oxidizing agents, Peroxides, Strong
MATERIALS	Inorganic Acids
[10] HAZARDOUS	Other decomposition products - no data available
DECOMPOSITION	In the event of fire: see section 5
PRODUCTS	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

[11a] LIKELY ROUTES	NHALATION: is not expected if proper ventilation or personal protective equipment is used while
OF EXPOSURE	working with this product
	INGESTION: Ingestion is not expected if proper industrial hygiene practices are followed, including
	no eating, drinking, or smoking while working with chemicals
	SKIN: is not expected if proper personal protective equipment (gloves and protective clothing) is
	used while working with this product

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	EYE CONTACT: is not expected if proper personal protective equipment (safety glasses or			
	goggles) is used while working with this product			
[11b] SYMPTOMS	INHALATION: Toxic if inhaled. Upper respiratory tract irritation, drowsiness and dizziness may			
RELATED TO	occur.			
PHYSICAL,	INGESTION: Toxic if swallowed. Short term overexposure can cause drunkenness, depression of			
	the central nervous system, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, liver damage,kidney damage, blindness			
CHARACTERISTICS				
	SKIN: Toxic if absorbed through the skin. May cause dermatitis by defatting the skin from prolonged			
	or repeated contact.			
	EYE CONTACT: Can cause eye irritation.			
	Reproductive toxicity: Human - female - Oral. Effects on Newborns - measured low apgar scores			
	and showed signs of alcohol dependence.			
	and showed signs of alcohol dependence.			
EFFECTS,	Charific target argan toxisity, single avecause.			
	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure:			
	Ethanol: Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation Lungs.			
	Methanol: Ingestion may be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Possible Organ damage to eyes,			
	liver, and kidney			
	2 Propanol: Inhalation - May cause drowsiness or dizziness Central Nervous System			
	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Standard Draize skin test (rabbit) - Dose: 20			
	mg/24 hrs Reaction: Moderate Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.			
	Aspiration hazard: no data available			
[11D] NUMERICAL	ACUTE TOXICITY ESTIMATES:			
MEASURES OF				
TOXICITY	Acute toxicity (Ethanol)			
	LD50 Oral - rat: 7060 mg/kg			
	LC50 Inhalation - rat - 10 h - 20000 ppm BWT			
	LDLo Oral Human - 1400 mg/kg BWT			
	Acute toxicity (Methanol)			
	LD50 Oral - rat: 1187 - 2769 mg/kg			
	LC50 Inhalation - rat - 6 h - 87.6 mg/L			
	LD50 Dermal - rabbit - 17,100 mg/kg			
	LDIo Oral - Human - 143 mg/kg Signs and symptoms of dyspnea and gastrointestinal disturbances			
	such as nausea, vomiting , and diarrhea.			
	Acute toxicity (2 Propanol)			
	LD50 Oral - rat: 5045 mg/kg (Behavioral abnormalities observed such as altered sleep time and			
	decreased activity.)			
	LC50 Inhalation - rat - 8 h - 16000 mg/L			
	LD50 Dermal - rabbit - 12,800 mg/kg			
[11e]	Carcinogenicity: This product is or contains a component that is not classifiable as to its			
	carcinogenicity based on its IARC, ACGIH,NTP, or EPA classification.			
OAKOINOGENIOIT I	Cardinogenially based on its iArto, Acom, itm, or Er A diassilication.			
	IARC: 3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Isopropanol)			
	NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a			
	known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as			
	a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.			

SECTION 12: Ecological information

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EFFECTS (OZONE LAYER ETC.)	
[12e]OTHER ADVERSE	Methanol: BOD: 600 mg/g - 1120 mg/g COD: 1420 mg/g
[12d] MOBILITY IN SOIL	
	Methanol: Bioaccumulation: Carp / 72d / BCF: 1.0
VE POTENTIAL	2 Propanol: No data available
[12c]BIOACCUMULATI	Ethanol: Bioaccumulation is unlikely
DEGRADABILITY	Methanol: 72% - Readily biodegradable.
AND	2 Propanol: No data available
[12b]PERSISTENCE	Ethanol: Biodegradation is expected.
	Toxicity to algae EC50 -EC50 / 96 hours Scenedesmus capricornutum: 22,000 mg/L
	mg/L
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50/ 48 hours / Water flea - > 10,000.00
	minnow: 29,400 mg/L
	Toxicity to fish:LC50 / 96 hours Lepomis macrocirus: 15,400 mg/L / LC50 / 96 hours Fathead
	Methanol:
	Immobilization EC50 / 24h / Water flea - 6,851 mg/L Toxicity to algae EC50 - EC50 / 72 hours Desmodesmus subspicatus > 2,000 mg/L
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 / 24 h / Water Flea - 5,102 mg/L,
	Toxicity to fish: LC50 / 96 hours Pimephales promelas: 9,640 mg/L
	2 Propanol:
	1,000 mg/l
	Toxicity to algae EC50 - Growth inhibition / 96 HOURS Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: No data available
	LC50 / 96 HOUR Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) > 13,400 mg/
[12a] ECOTOXICITY	Ethanol Toxicity to fish: LC50 / 96 HOUR Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) > 10,000 mg/l

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

^[13]Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal: Treat as material or dispose of according to local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

[14a] UN/NA	[146] UN/NA PROPER SHIPPING NAME	[14ca] TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS	[14d] PACKING GROUP
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

US DOT/IATA	Non Hazardous and Not restricted for transport per IATA SP 46 and DOT 172.102 SP
	47
[14d] ENVIRONMENTAL	Marine Pollutant:no
HAZARDS	
[14f] BULK TRANSPORT	IMDG: Non Hazardous and Not restricted for transport per IATA SP 46 and DOT
(MARPOL 73/78/IBC CODE)	172.102 SP 47
[14g]SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS	none known

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

EU This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.		
15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	No data available	
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment	For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out	

US

TSCA	The components in this mixture are listed on the US inventory.
OSHA	This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements
	of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
SARA SECTION 302 EXTREMELY	No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of
HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES	SARA Title III, Section 302.
The following components are subject to	2- Propanol, CAS# 67-63-0 Revision Date 1987-01-01
reporting levels established by SARA	Methanol, CAS 67-56-1 Revision Data 2007-07-01
Title III, Section 313	
Sara 311/312 Hazards	Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard
Massachusetts Right To Know	Ethanol CAS 64-17-5 Revision Date 2007-03-01
Components	2- Propanol, CAS# 67-63-0 Revision Date 1987-01-01
	Methanol CAS 67-56-1 Revision Date 2007-07-01
Pennsylvania Right To Know	Ethanol CAS 64-17-5 Revision Date 2007-03-01
Components	2- Propanol, CAS# 67-63-0 Revision Date 1987-01-01
	Methanol CAS 67-56-1 Revision Date 2007-07-01
New Jersey Right To Know Components	Ethanol CAS 64-17-5 Revision Date 2007-03-01
	2- Propanol, CAS# 67-63-0 Revision Date 1987-01-01
	Methanol CAS 67-56-1 Revision Date 2007-07-01
California Prop. 65 Components	This product contains the following chemicals known to State of California to
	cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm:
	Ethanol CAS 64-17-5 Revision Date 2009-12-11
	Methanol CAS 67-56-1 Revision Date 2012-03-16

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision Date: 12/23/2019 Updated Address 02/04/19 added statement section 2 06/12/2018 Updated Emergency Contact

06/06/2018 Updated Emergency Contact and Trademarks 07/09/15 Update Section headers, added target organs to Section 11 05/07/15 Flash point update

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

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H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

HMIS Rating Health hazard: 2

Chronic Health Hazard: *

Flammability: 3 Physical Hazard 0 NFPA Rating Health hazard: 2 Fire Hazard: 3 Reactivity Hazard: 0

INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET IS FOR USE BY TECHNICALLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL AT THEIR DISCRETION AND RISK. ALL STATEMENTS, TECHNICAL INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE BASED ON TESTS AND DATA WHICH WE BELIEVE TO BE RELIABLE, BUT THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS THEREOF IS NOT GUARANTEED AND NO WARRANT OF ANY KIND IS MADE WITH RESPECT THERETO. SINCE THE COMPANY SHALL HAVE NO CONTROL OF THE USE OF THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED HEREIN, THE COMPANY ASSUMES NO LIABILITY OF LOSS OR DAMAGE INCURRED FROM THE PROPER OR IMPROPER USE OF SUCH PRODUCT.

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